



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	ON NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/882,509	2,509 06/15/2001		Mosuvan Kuppusamy	51321-003	8339
25005	7590	12/15/2004		EXAMINER	
DEWITT R 8000 EXCEI		TEVENS S.C.	MONSHIPOURI, MARYAM		
SUITE 401	JSION DI	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MADISON,	WI 5371	17-1914	1652		
				DATE MAILED: 12/15/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/882,509	KUPPUSAMY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Maryam Monshipouri	1652				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state of the provided by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re reply within the statutory minimum of thirty riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT atule, cause the application to become ABA	(30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication.				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	<u>.</u> .					
	his action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex par</i> te <i>Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		\				
4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 6 and 12-21 is/are 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5, 7-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	e withdrawn from consideration					
Application Papers	•					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a	accepted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held in abeyanc	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in Appriority documents have been re eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Sur	nmary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/I	Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 1652

Claims 1-5 and 7-11 are still at issue and are present for examination. Claims 6 and 12-21 are withdrawn as drawn to non-elected invention.

Applicants' arguments filed on 9/24/04, have been fully considered and are deemed to be persuasive to overcome some of the rejections previously applied. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn.

In traversal of the rejoinder of claims 12-21 with claim 6 of Group II in the previous office action, applicant argues that the office has failed to provide any reasons or examples to support the new restriction, as required by MPEP section 803, and hence, in view of applicant said rejoinder is improper. Further, applicant objects to the fact that rejoinder had been made final before applicant had a chance to respond thereto.

Firstly the point is well taken that applicant is entitled to respond to the examiner's new rejoinder issue and for said reason the examiner is addressing applicant's traversal arguments as follows: in claims 12-21 the claimed subject matter is a DNA construct comprising a promoter operationally linked to a secretion signal that is operationally linked to a DNA encoding streptokinase. Clearly the DNA construct of Group II is totally different, structurally and functionally, to that of Group I invention and the streptokinase produced by said DNA construct results in soluble streptokinase and not enzyme in inclusion bodies. Therefore, for said reasons the rejoinder of claim 6 with clams 12-21 remains and is hereby made **final**.

Art Unit: 1652

With respect to applicant's additional arguments in traversal of the original restriction letter the examiner would like to point put that the reasons for holding a restriction were already discussed twice, in the original restriction letter and the last office action, respectively. Hence the examiner will no longer address applicant's new arguments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-2, 4-5 and 7-11 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention as indicated in the previous office action. In traversal of this rejection applicant argues that the Office has taken the position that "streptokinase is not a sufficiently precise word to convey to one of skill in the art that the present applicants were is possession of the invention as broadly claimed. However, as evidenced by exhibit A, enzymes have and continue to be named, described in catalogs, listed and indexed by their functional names ending in "—ase". Further according to applicant, exhibits B and C support the fact that "streptokinase" fall within EC 3.4.21.7, namely hydrolases that act on peptide bonds,

Art Unit: 1652

that are serine endopeptidase and that act upon a plasmin substrate, rendering the phrase "streptokinase" very precise.

Applicant then refers to few U.S. and German patents wherein streptokinases are produced transgenically (which is assumed to mean recombinantly) or otherwise. He also refers to some streptokinases and their precursors, which display 87-98% homology to one another.

Therefore in view of said arguments applicant believes that the phrase "streptokinase" is well known and well defined in the art and this rejection should be withdrawn.

These arguments were fully considered but were found to be **unpersuasive** for the following reasons: firstly the examiner did not draft the 112 first rejection due to lack of function of the phrase "streptokinase" but its lack of structure. The examiner is fully aware that what said phrase refers to in terms of activity, as evidenced by ample knowledge of the prior art. However, with respect to the issue of streptokinase structure applicant is reminded that he/she, as stated previously, is claiming streptokinases from all sources and species such as mammals, mollusks, amphibians etc., including some streptokinases that have not been isolated yet, and thus said phrase embraces an enormous scope, which in contrast to applicant's opinion, renders it totally imprecise. This is because, providing few species (assuming that strepkokinase precursors can be considered to be a species of the claimed genus) that applicant recited in his response to last office action is insufficient to adequately define the broad genus of streptokinases and for said reason, in addition to those provided previously, the rejection is maintained.

Art Unit: 1652

Since DNA encoding streptokinase is under rejection all products comprising them (claims 1-3) and methods of using them (claims 4-5, 7-11) also reiam rejected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-5, 8-9 and 11 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Pupo et al. (cited previously) according to previous office action. In traversal of this rejection applicant argues that Pupo's main purpose as indicated in page 1120 left column, is to prepare soluble streptokinase (SKC) and not streptokinase in inclusion bodies. Further, pACS-2 plasmid does not drive the expression of streptokinase as inclusion bodies because, even though figure 3, lane 6 of Pupo displays the existence of an insoluble streptokinase fraction in E. coli. Lysate said insoluble fraction is cited by Pupo to be contaminated by soluble streptokinase and was mostly washed off with buffers.

These arguments were fully considered but were found **unpersuasive**. Firstly, the examiner would like to point out that what Pupo's intention was in expressing its streptokinase (SKC) is, in fact, irrelevant to the anticipatory role of its disclosure against this invention. As applicant is well aware said reference was cited for displaying some insoluble SKC prepared in E. coli and not for what the authors intended to prepare.

Art Unit: 1652

Secondly, the examiner agrees that Pupo in page 1122 indicates that <u>most</u> of insoluble SKC fraction could be washed off with buffers but said reference fails to say that all of said insoluble faction was washed off in its entirety. Therefore, Pupo, whether he wanted or otherwise, did prepare some (small amount) insoluble SKC (in inclusion bodies) and for said reason said reference remains anticipatory to this invention.

No claims are allowed.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maryam Monshipouri whose telephone number is (571) 272-0932. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 a.m to 4:30 p.m. except for alternate Mondays.

Art Unit: 1652

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnanthapu Achutamurthy can be reached on (571) 272-0928. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A. MORShi

Maryam Monshipouri Ph.D.

Primary Examiner